# Inquiry into Environmental Infrastructure for Growing Populations

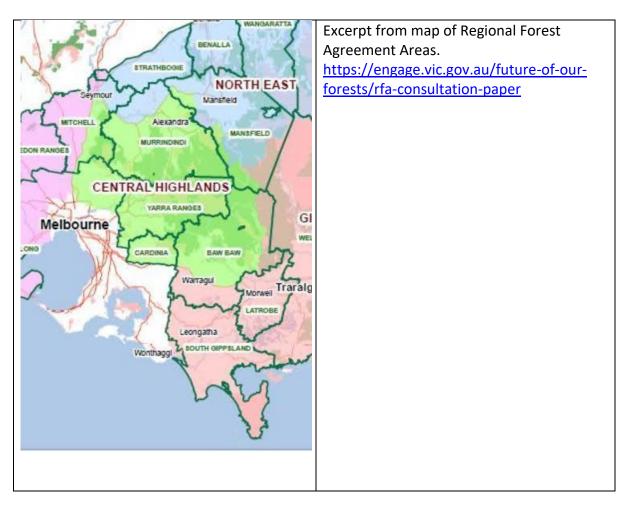
## **Kinglake Friends of the Forest**

## Submission

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- 1) Overview: Logging and the Central Highlands



The Central Highlands of Victoria is located close to Melbourne. It includes the Shires of Murrindindi, Yarra Ranges and Cardinia, as well as sections of Mitchell Shire and Baw Baw. It is very close to Melbourne, with its population of 5 million, with all locations listed in this submission an easy day trip.

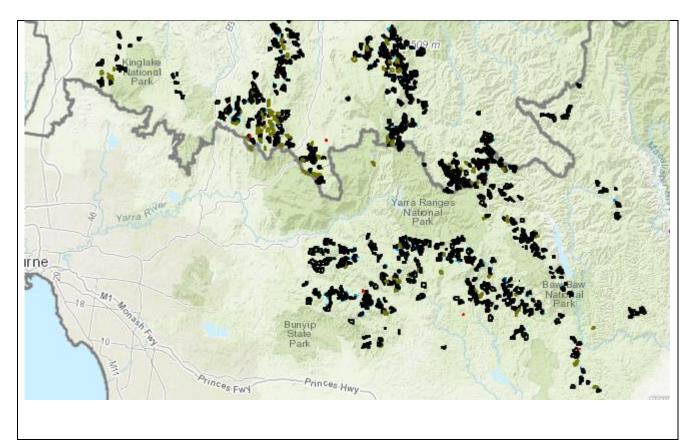


The Central Highlands is unique in the world for its Mountain Ash (*Eucalyptus regnans*) forests. Other unique plant species of the area include Southern Beech (*Dicksonia antarctica*) and Tree Geebung (*Persoonia arborea*).

Threatened animal species which live here include two threatened species: Greater Gliders (*Petauroides volans*) and Leadbeater's Possum (*Gymnobelideus leadbeateri*).

Only some of this area is permanently protected in National Parks, primarily Kinglake National Park, Mt Baw Baw National Park and Yarra Ranges National Park. The rest is state forest, much of which is available to logging by the Victorian government agency VicForests.

The geographic concept of the Central Highlands is itself a creation of the Regional Forest Agreements, signed by the Federal and State Governments in 1998. Below is a map of areas which are proposed to be logged within the Central Highlands within the next 4-5 years.



VicForests July 2020 Timber Release Plan (black: current and future coupes. green: current regenerating). Historic logging not shown.

https://www.vicforests.com.au/planning-1/timber-release-plan-1/timber-release-plan-process

Logging impacts environmental infrastructure in two ways.

The first impact is quite specific to the site itself. Spotlighting for Greater Gliders can only occur in intact forest, whilst bush tracks clearly lose value if the area around it is denuded of

bush. Also, a visit to a giant tree or waterfall is affected if the tourist must drive past cleared logged areas or short tree crops that follow logging to reach the site.

The second impact is more broad but equally as real. Forests have a myriad of ecological functions. They store carbon, purify air and water, and provide habitat for threatened species found nowhere on earth. Amidst a time of climate change, cutting down forests for low value products like paper and pallets is the worst thing we, as a society, could be doing.

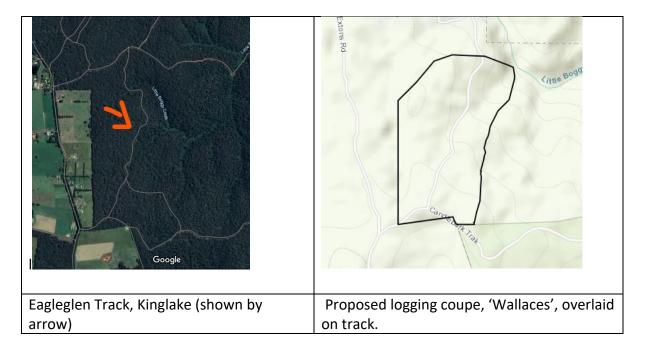
As climate change worsens, these forests will become ever more important. Not only for the ecological services they provide (particularly as carbon sinks), nor just as refuge for species threatened by climate change, but as a source of solace for humans.

This submission will briefly highlight some of the opportunities available to the state and local governments to provide outdoor recreation to meet the needs of a growing population. Each section will also reference the threat caused by continued industrial logging of these areas.

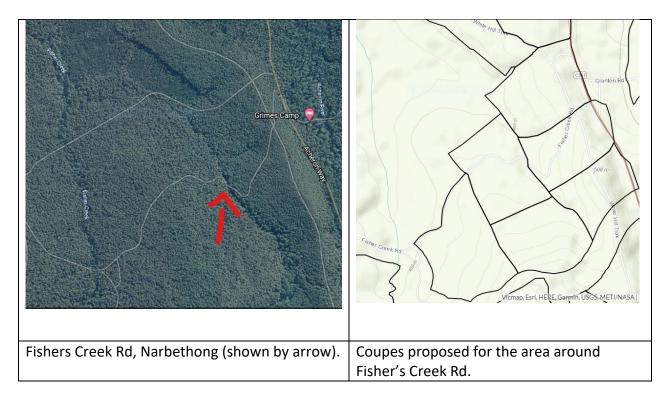
## 2) Tours for Greater Gliders: Kinglake and Narbethong

Kinglake Friends of the Forest have run several free tours to spot Greater Gliders at night. These have been very popular with members of the public. They have been carefully organised, with care taken to shield the Gliders' eyes from any damage.

These have taken place at Eagleglen Track in Kinglake –around which the forest has been branded a "coupe" called "Wallaces" and is planned to be cut down. If it goes ahead, forest both sides of the track will be lost, and with it the opportunity to see these animals in a close location to Melbourne, with the sealed road all the way to the Track providing ease of access.



Another accessible area where Greater Gliders are known to occur, and tours could conceivably occur, includes Fisher Creek Rd, Narbethong. Whilst many endangered Greater Gliders have been sighted here, this area has also been subject to heavy logging.



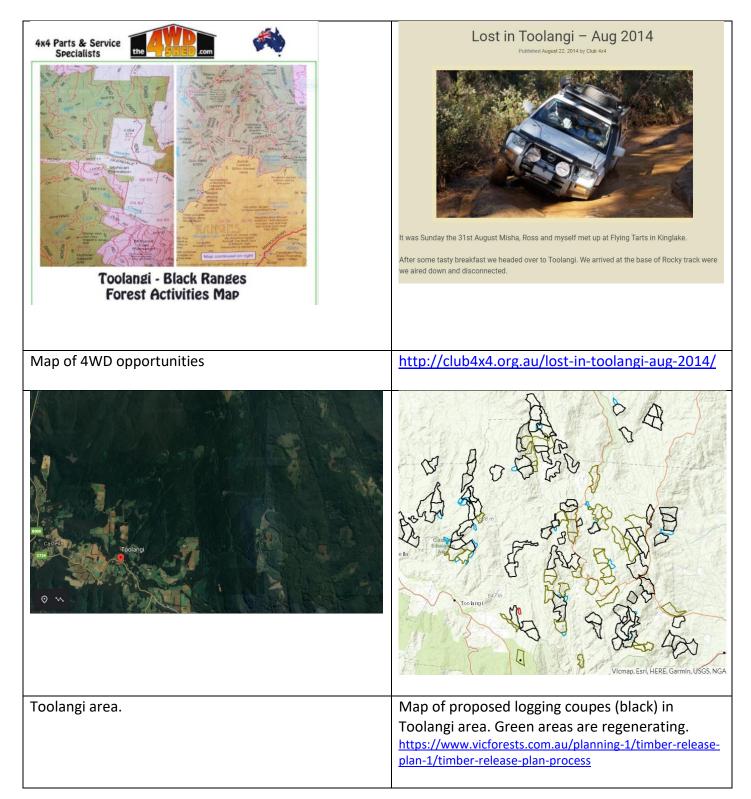
### 3) Trailbike and FWD tracks: Toolangi

Forest tracks are popular for both 4WD enthusiasts and trail bikers. The screenshots below all show how many locations in Toolangi and the Black Ranges are particularly favoured.

#### a: Cycling in Toolangi

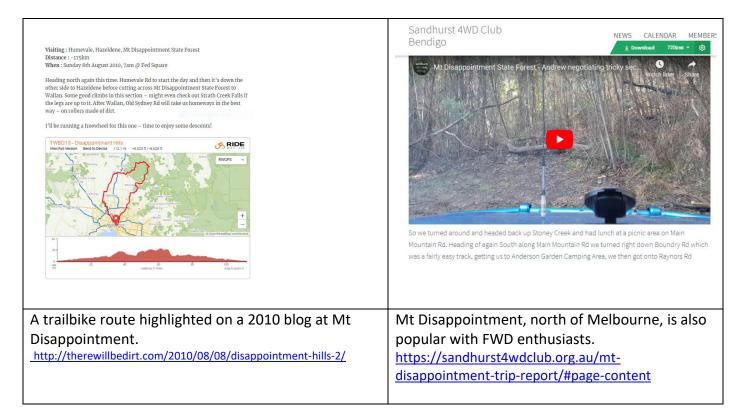
Visiting : Healesville, Black Range, Molesworth, Mt St Leonard Bitane: 167km When : Saturday 8th April 2017, 5:00am @ Healesville And Healesville all the way to Molesworth. This was a good solid day through some of my favourite country and a rise that 1'd recommend to others. Interpretation of the state o	I had the idea for this ride after seeing the full length of Black Range from a distance on a <u>previous adventure</u> . Here's what it looked like :
The Black Range cycling route, as outlined in a blog from 2017: <u>http://therewillbedirt.com/2017/04/08/black-</u> <u>range-traverse/</u>	One photograph, taken by the cyclist and posted on his blog, shows a past logging coupe.

#### b: 4WD in Toolangi

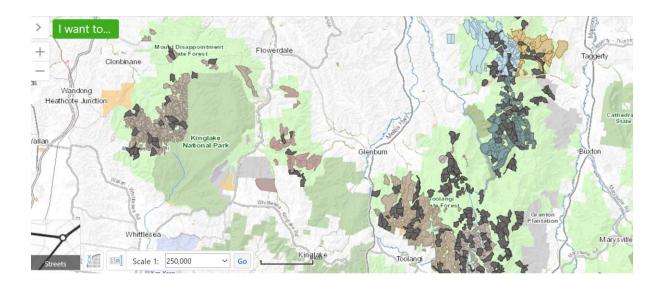


#### 4) Trailbike and FWD tracks: Mt Disappointment

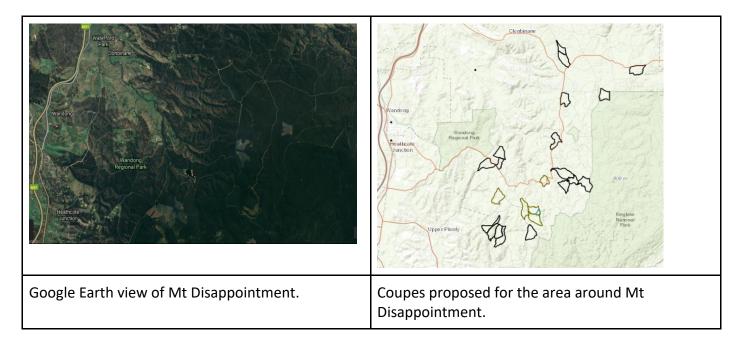
Mt Disappointment remains popular with both trail bikers and 4WD enthusiasts, as the screenshots below suggest.



Mt Disappointment has been logged for many decades, and as a result its natural values have been severely compromised. The map below shows the full extent of historic logging. Dark grey: forest stands in the current TRP. Other colours: forest logged over the last 60 years.



Below is a satellite map of Mt Disappointment as it is now, with a map of future coupes aligned with it.



#### 5) Tourist Attractions: Giant Trees and Waterfalls

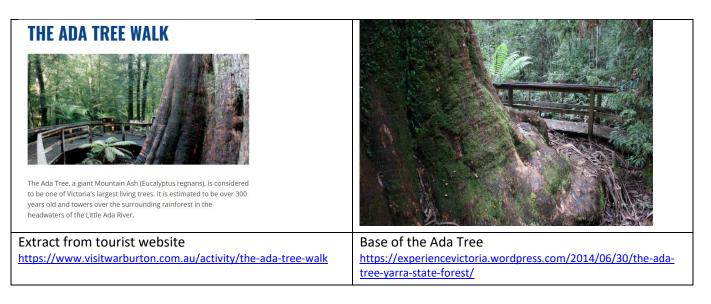
#### a: Giant Trees

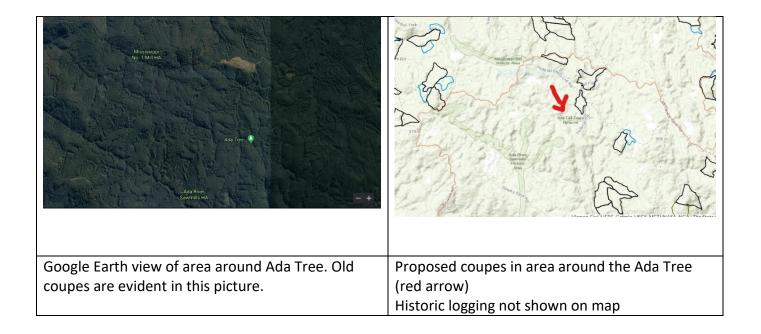
There are several notable tourist attractions in the Central Highlands which are compromised by logging activity. One such example is the Kalatha Giant, a 65 metre tall Mountain Ash located at Toolangi. After the 2009 fires, a tree walk was constructed by the local community. It rates a mention on the tourist visitor website <a href="https://visityarravalley.com.au">https://visityarravalley.com.au</a>, which notes how, having escaped both fires and past logging, the immediate area around the tree 'is now protected and is a popular tourist attraction'.

In 2020, and within sight of the tree, VicForests attempted to log a wet forest stand which they labelled 'Zinger'. It was only sustained community protest, which involved members of the community setting up camp on the site, which led VicForests to give up after only a few days of logging.

Kalatha Giant TreeLocation of the Kalatha Giant, in relation to thehttps://www.greatforestnationalpark.com.au/kalatha-tree.htmlproposed coupe 'Zinger'.	
Relate Grant Tree Walk         Valky of the Glant Ord         Octom Forest Walk	
Google Earth image, showing location of GiantThe 'Zinger'coupe (marked by red arrow) is still ofTree (blue)TRP. As is another only meters away.	on the

Another notable tree is the Ada Tree. On the website *https://www.visitwarburton.com.au*, it is called 'one of Victoria's largest living trees', and estimated at over 300 years old.





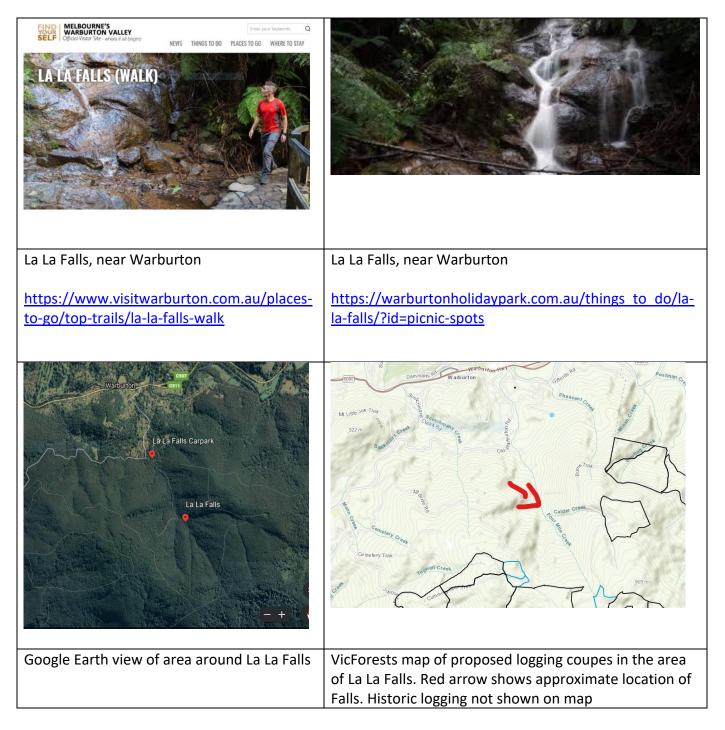
It has been noted by visitors how logging in the area affects the experience of this tree. This is by Sophie Cunningham from the Sydney Morning Herald of March 2019.

https://www.smh.com.au/entertainment/books/ashes-to-ashes-a-love-song-to-queen-adaand-other-threatened-oldgrowth-trees-20190325-h1crxb.html

'It was in the spirit of both friendship and activism that I went to visit the largest tree in Victoria. Her name is Ada and she's a mountain ash (Eucalyptus regnans), one of the tallest flowering plants on earth. She is a queen, an empress – a goddess – of trees. To find her I drove through patches of clearfelled forest, past the shattered, dismembered corpses of trees lying in the mud. You can see these areas from a distance, patches of harsh light that contrast with the filtered light of their forest surrounds'.

#### b: Waterfalls

The Central Highlands are blessed with waterfalls, but the experience of seeing them is potentially compromised by nearby logging operations. Here, for instance, is La La Falls near Warburton.



#### 4) Summary

All the opportunities for sightseeing and recreation listed here - spotlighting tours, 4WD and trailbiking tracks, giant trees and waterfalls – are available close to Melbourne.

A July 2020 article in the Mountain Monthly (below) noted how, following the first Covid lockdown, the Kinglake area was experiencing parking issues as Melbourne residents flocked to the area.

This hints at what the future holds. Such outdoor experiences will only grow in attraction over time, and with it the need to provide tourist facilities, such as parking, toilets, well maintained trails and signage.

However, every one of the above attractions is being compromised by ongoing logging in the Central Highlands. There are two types of impact. One is an immediate impact, with denuded forest either removing the chance for an attraction (spotlighting) or affecting its overall quality (bush tracks and visitor sites) for the next 80 years or so.

The other impact is longer term but more apparent by the year. It is the contribution logging makes to climate change, by adding more carbon to the atmosphere. It is the loss of habitat for threatened species. The loss of ecosystem services, such as water and air filtration. The loss of a place of solace for humans.

Amidst a time of climate change, the value of our intact native forests to provide environmental infrastructure has never been higher.

bush walking tracks have had to be closed due the sheer volume of traffic and

the non-adherence to social distancing rules. Picnic areas are crowded in spite of the l

As a keen bushwalker and local resident of many year standing, I have long enjo

standing, I have long enjoyed 'our own backyard', but been equally surprised by the amount of incoming traffic.

It carries with it all of the predictable outcomes of ar 'rush' into an area – people unfamiliar with the terrain

and conditions; ill-equipp to handle more challengi

As the state moves to encourage as much dom tourism as possible to he

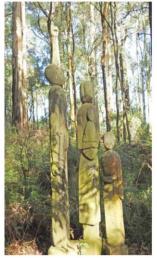
tourism as possible to he revive the industry, and business in general, this emerging situation is also stretching our parks and

staff to the li

locations; miscalcul factors and weather

temperatures.

# Managing the influx in 'our backyard'





Where are all these pe coming from? It is winter, cold, changeable and the locals are stoking up the fire.

You can't get a parking spot in the Kinglake township at in the Kinglake township at weekends, let alone at any of the obvious, highly attractive national and state park areas generally, and don't mention 'waterfall' or there will be a

assage that we will from Melbourne' and the wid-lockdown population is benathe our fresher air re 'just an rne' and the The fact that more than 40% our shire is made up of state d crown land has come into arp focus almost over night.

The cyclists, motorcyclists and 'Sunday drivers' are obvious, ux and they are taking to bush – many for the first

Start to the limit. From the state forest trails of Toolangi to national park access throughout Kinglake and Kinglake West, reports of up to 300 cars and more a day on fine and long weekends in one car park alone have Seasoned bushwalk locals and visitors – know respect and equip thems for the incredible variety enging terrain our





Oth beauty spots that aren't to and don't cater for lar numbers are seeing a re traffic jam' and some he exchanges in 'the queue The upside is that Bed breakfasts and other ommodation in some is are reporting that they

re again getting regular pookings and do arm heir guests with the righ ation before they head My walking companion and I

wy waiking companion and the have driven day trippers back to their cars when they've completely lost track of where they are and taken the time to alk to others who are equally

A major shock for some i their phone reception common in large part territory) and reliance e map app dies along on the with it.

We don't pretend to hav done the in-depth market research on where the traffic is hailing from, but anecdotal

ommon factors. A key decider appears to be that if it's a 'day trip', they get out into the environment and soak in some nature and views, can safely get back nome in time for dinner, then t's on the list. They are either coming vi

They are either coming via Healesville and the Yarra Valley nto Toolangi and going no further than that; or up the Kinglake-Heidleberg Road;

"Imagine having this as you backyard, how lucky are you?" said two women as w drove them back through t Toolangi State Forest to the conangi State Forest to t carpark, off a cold Mount eonards road with the Iready de They had finally planned a day out of lockdown in Port Melbourne and Carlton and started in the beautiful and gentle Wirrawilla Walk, whic

to the w

gentle Wirrawilla Wa they'd found on a w they d found on a website. Leaving the safe boardwalk and heading onto more challenging loop tracks – such as the Tanglefoot or Myrtle Gully – and up for an 8 to 10km round trip sounded

great. What they may h What they may have considered a good, brisk walk in their home environment, had a vastly different- steeper, colder and wetter - reality in ours, even on well formed tracks.

But, they were super keen to learn more and to come back

On the same trip, a young couple had taken the same side trail. The young mum with a toddler in a carry slin and high heeled dress boots on and was about to take a track that even we 'veb treat with great respec ect

We and they are aware that visitors are climbing through locked gates in closed areas; at times accessing closed privately owned plantations; In writing this article, I mak no judgements on the rights and wrongs of the situation, or have the answers as to how we should be handling it, but





letting the dog run free off leash in Lyrebird breeding habitat; not always practici safe distancing and; many other 'don't do's'. rather as a potential catalys for the community to think about how we can embrace engage and educate our inf engage and educate can of visitors and new reside The expert park authorities - Parks Victoria, DELWP and As a starting point, we can recognise the fact that the

 Parks victoria, DELWP and Melbourne Water - offer detailed information for visitors to check before they are publicly owned area and become our own b ambassadors who offer sensible guidance and I ave home. So too doe hire of Murrindindi wh nowledge when asked – icluding where to go for coffee and lunch, to buy pmething for dinner on l attractions are open

The signage on these destinations is also clear as to what you can and can't do in the area, distances and terra involved, where there may be picnic spots or toilets and what to see.

on where to begin safely exploring our beautiful 'backyard' and to share v our visitors. Let's back them up and help where we can.

The map in each edition of *MN* is also a useful guide to help people with directions.

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